

Grand Rapids Morning Telegram.

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GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 25, 1884.

PRICE 2 CENTS

TEMPERANCE FANATICS

A MAN KILLED BY THEM.

A Saloon Attacked and its Proprietor Stoned to Death—Barrels of Liquor Burned.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 24.—Details of a startling tragedy occurring in Knox county reached here this morning. Bladensburg is a small village of less than 1,000 inhabitants, situated about twelve miles south of Mount Vernon, the county seat. For many years prior to last winter there was no saloon in town. In February a man named John Chapin moved with his family from Mount Vernon to Bladensburg and opened a saloon to the great disgust of the citizens, most of them prohibitionists. Chapin took up his residence in a house in the rear of his saloon. During the past summer much feeling became manifested between Chapin and the leading prohibitionists of the place. Between midnight and daybreak on Sunday morning a mob of men composed of leading prohibitionists, bearing axes, picks and shovels, made a furious assault upon the saloon and residence. Chapin refused them admittance and they pelted his house with stones, one of which, passing through a window, struck Chapin on the head, fracturing his skull and throwing him to the floor. The mob then forced a way through the rear of the house into the saloon, opened the front doors and proceeded to completely destroy with axes the bar, fixtures and furniture of the place. They then took the stock of liquors and piled them in the street. Barrels of whisky were then rolled from the cellar, and the whole stock was made a huge bonfire in the center of the street. In the meantime Chapin was found to be fatally injured. Some of the mob were despatched to Mt. Vernon for medical aid. Two physicians arrived early yesterday morning, but they were too late, Chapin having breathed his last. He leaves a wife and several children. There is intense excitement throughout Knox county over the outrage. A band of Mt. Vernon roughs swear they will avenge Chapin's death, and more trouble is feared.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

A Large Amount of Property Goes to Blazes.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Shortly before 10 o'clock to-night flames were discovered in building No. 181, Monroe street, occupied by the Chicago Paper Company, and a number of smaller firms and offices. For a time a disastrous conflagration seemed imminent, as a stiff wind was blowing, and the fire worked its way up the elevator shaft to the roof, and was blazing fiercely. By dint of hard work the firemen confined it to the building. The Paper Company furnished paper for most of the weeklies and religious papers. The loss will reach \$64,000, fully insured. Rubel Bros., printers, lost \$15,000; H. Brennan, printer, \$4,000; Jas. Dalton, lace manufacturer, \$3,000; Dr. Sykes, patent medicines, \$15,000; all well insured. The building was owned by Anson Gorton, agent of Baltimore & Ohio Express Company, and was damaged \$15,000, fully insured.

THE COMING CONGRESS.

But Little Work Likely to be Done Next Session.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The general opinion of congressmen who have arrived in Washington is that but little business of a general character will be transacted during the coming session. The Appropriation committee will hold a meeting the last of this week, and it is said that Mr. Randall expects to bring in a bill on Monday, early next week, to occupy the time of the House up to the holiday recess. That will surely consume the time continuously after recess until all appropriation bills are passed. A strong effort will be made by the Louisiana delegation to secure an early recess in order that members desiring to go to the World's Cotton Exposition on the 15th proximo.

The Jersey Senate Republican.

SALEM, N. J., Nov. 24.—A re-count of the Senatorial vote of Salem county upon which the complexion of the State Senate depends commenced to-day. All the townships had been re-counted at adjournment with the exception of Salem City. Errors in favor of both candidates have been discovered, but so evenly divided that there is little doubt of the election of Wyatt Mills, the Republican candidate, by about 13 majority. His election will give the Republicans a majority of two in the Senate and fourteen on joint ballot.

The Catholic Divorce Law.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 24.—At to-day's session of the House of Bishops of the Plenary council, it is understood that the question brought up for discussion was that of divorce. The church does not recognize divorce, and the nearest approach to it in the Catholic faith is separation of husband and wife, neither being privileged to marry again. If any change is made in this direction it will be to make the law even more rigorous than it is at present.

A Railroad Man Dead.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 24.—Col. Isaac S. Buckalew, Superintendent of the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad, died at his residence in this city this morning, of typhoid fever. Col. Buckalew was fifty-six years of age, and has been prominent in railroad circles for the past thirty-five years, opening of which he has been Superintendent of the Pennsylvania road. He leaves a widow and three children.

In the Interests of the Blind.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Secretary of State has been notified that the International Society for Improving the Condition of the Blind will hold a congress at Amsterdam July 1, 1885, to which delegates from the United States will be welcome.

Denies the Allegation.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 24.—Edward Clayburg to-day filed a supplemental affidavit of defense to the libel in the divorce of Lillian Spencer, the actress, in which he denies the allegations of adultery in Springfield, Ill.

A Man Killed.

EMERY, Mich., Nov. 24.—A man named James Pollard, having from Antrim township, Shiawassee county, was run over by a car and killed Saturday night, half a mile east of the station at this village.

THE LEGISLATURE.

A List of the Coming Law-Makers of Michigan.

Official returns on file in the office of the Secretary of State from all counties of the State, except Gladwin, gives the composition of the Legislature for the coming term as follows:

STATE SENATORS.
1. M. Greiner, D. 17. Wm. M. Cline, D.
2. T. D. Hawley, D. 18. C. Heisterman, D.
3. James Hueston, D. 19. H. C. Spencer, R.
4. R. Kempf, R. 20. H. H. Pulver, D.
5. C. Hertzel, D. 21. J. W. Belknap, R.
6. M. Carpenter, R. 22. John L. Curtis, D.
7. M. Shoemaker, D. 23. J. W. Moon, R.
8. C. Austin, R. 24. H. Woodruff, R.
9. Geo. A. Smith, R. 25. Geo. Davenport, D.
10. S. F. Brown, R. 26. E. E. Edwards, R.
11. H. C. Sherwood, D. 27. Fitch Phelps, R.
12. C. J. Monroe, R. 28. W. H. Francis, R.
13. J. Carveth, R. 29. C. R. Henry, R.
14. O. G. Pennell, D. 30. L. C. Davis, D.
15. S. W. Smith, R. 31. S. M. Stephenson, R.
16. J. Manwaring, D. 32. J. A. Hubbell, R.

REPRESENTATIVES.
Allegan—J. W. McCormick, (R.), E. N. Bates, (R.).
Alpena district—J. A. Case, (R.).
Barry—Orson Swift, (D.).
Bay—H. M. Wright, (D.), W. Clark, (R.).
Berrien—A. N. Woodruff, (R.), J. L. McKie, (D.).
Branch—M. D. Campbell, (R.), A. Gardner, (R.).
Calhoun—S. F. Snyder, (R.), A. D. Elder, (R.).
Cass—R. J. Dickson, (R.).
Clinton—E. B. Voorhees, (D.), L. F. Conrad, (D.).
Delta district—H. M. Mason, (R.).
Eaton—A. D. Carlton, (D.), B. F. Beckman, (R.).
Emmet district—C. S. Hampton, (D.).
Genesee—N. A. Beecher, (R.), H. H. Bardwell, (R.).
Grand Traverse district—Jas. L. Gibbs, (R.).
Grafton—H. A. Weiss, (D.).
Hillsdale—A. R. Chapman, (R.), Jos. Devine, (R.).
Houghton—Seth D. North, (R.).
Huron—L. E. Lincoln, (D.).
Ingham—F. L. Dodge, (D.), M. E. Rumsey, (R.).
Ionia—A. J. Webber, (R.), E. R. Williams, (D.).
Isosco district—D. P. Markey, (R.).
Isabella district—Free Estate, (R.).
Jackson—P. Harker, (D.), D. Boynton, (D.).
Kalamazoo—E. C. Adams, (D.), Chas. Brown, (R.).
Kent—M. H. Ford, (D.), M. J. Ulrich, (D.).
G. P. Stark, (D.), L. M. Sellers, (R.).
Grand Rapids—R. J. Dickson, (R.).
Leelanaw—A. T. Case, (R.).
Lenawee—Geo. Howell, (R.), W. H. Wiggins, (D.), W. B. Town, (D.).
Livingston—Geo. Coleman, (D.).
Macomb—D. G. Gleason, (D.), H. Engelman, (D.).
Manistee—R. R. Blacker, (D.).
Marquette—Joseph Kirkpatrick, (R.).
Mason—P. R. Short, (D.).
Mecosta—Wm. T. Jones, (R.).
Menominee—Jas. A. Crozier, (R.).
Midland district—F. L. Post, (R.).
Monroe—M. N. Kelly, (R.), Seward Baker, (D.).
Montcalm—E. K. Wood, (R.), H. Watson, (R.).
Muskegon—W. B. Wilson, (D.), H. I. Staples, (R.).
Newaygo—J. W. McNabb, (D.).
Oakland—J. H. Holman, (D.), R. Malcolm, (R.).
Oceana—T. C. Hook, (R.).
Ontonagon district—A. C. Davis, (R.).
Oscoda—E. C. Cannon, (R.).
Ottawa—G. J. Dickema, (R.), G. F. Richardson, (D.).
Saginaw—M. H. Dakin, (D.), T. R. Barry, (D.), John Northwood, (R.), J. A. McGregg, (R.).
Sanilac—J. Wakelin, (R.), R. D. O'Keefe, (R.).
Shiawassee—F. H. Potter, (D.), Charles H. Coe, (D.).
St. Clair—H. Hammond, (D.), C. Wellman, (D.).
St. Joseph—J. Bentley, (D.), W. Johnson, (D.).
Tasoula—E. B. Hayes, (R.), C. P. Black, (D.).
Van Buren—J. G. Parkhurst, (R.), J. S. Cross, (R.).
Washtenaw—N. E. Sutton, (D.), E. P. Harper, (D.).
Wayne—Ovid N. Case, (D.), Lyman A. Brant, (D.), L. H. Collins, (D.), F. B. Egan, (R.), M. C. Leeland, (R.), G. W. Walther, (D.), D. D. Lane, (D.), G. W. Coomer, (R.), C. H. Brundon, (R.), J. Waltz, (D.).
Wexford—Geo. Oriat, (R.).

A HEAVY VERDICT.

An Ex-Consul Convicted of Appropriating Government Money.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—A verdict was rendered in the United States Court to-day in the case of the United States against David H. Bailey. Bailey was appointed Consul for the United States at Hong Kong, China, fourteen years ago, and it was claimed by the government that he collected to the use of the United States during the term of his consulship, fees for discharging and shipping seamen, examining emigrants and various and other sums of money amounting to \$38,411.89, which money he did not account for. A verdict was given for \$29,900, the amount in full with interest. Bailey made no defense. He still resides in Hong Kong.

Help for Hocking Valley.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—It was reported at the Central Labor Union meeting yesterday that nearly \$800 had been collected during the week for the hungry Hocking Valley miners. The sparsers are to be interested in the cause, and a benefit is proposed at which Sullivan and other noted pugilists will be asked to take part. Mr. Vanarsdale, of Madison Square garden, said it was impossible to let them have the garden free, but that if they were short of money Mr. Vanarsdale would chip in the money for the garden. The matter is still undecided.

A Murderer Caught.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—George Roach, charged with a brutal assault upon Edward B. Case last night, was captured at the corner of Halsted and Madison streets this afternoon. He was taken before the wounded man who positively identified him as his assailant. Roach's clothes were spotted with blood. Case will die. His father, who is in Boston, and his wife who is visiting in St. Louis have been notified.

Decision in a Libel Suit.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 24.—The superior court to-day affirmed the decision of the Jefferson common pleas court in the case of the Louisville Commercial against Mrs. Henrietta Caldwell. The latter obtained a verdict against the Commercial for \$300, for publishing an article alleging that she had named her children respectively "Jesus Christ" and "George O. Burman."

SHOT BY A BLACKSMITH

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A Captain of a Schooner is Terribly Wounded From a Gun in the Hands of a Friend.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 24.—Capt. Charles Smith, of the schooner Ocean Wave, which arrived here this afternoon, reports a distressing and probably fatal case of accidental shooting which occurred last Thursday night at Cornfield Harbor, Saint Mary's county. On that night Capt. Wm. Hitchens, of the schooner Levinia Insley, Baltimore, and several of his crew were invited to stay all night at the residence of the village blacksmith. While the party were seated in a sitting-room, the host, who was a friend of the captain, picked up a gun which he aimed at one of the men. Hitchens seeing the action, jumped up just as the blacksmith pulled the trigger. The captain received the full contents of the gun in his head, and fell bleeding and unconscious to the floor. The charge entered just above the bridge of the nose and destroyed both eyes. The scalp on the left side of his head was torn into shreds, and he will die. The victim was brought to Washington to-day and placed in Providence Hospital. The shooting is said to have been accidental as far as Capt. Hitchens was concerned, but it is said that the blacksmith intended the shot for one of his crew. The blacksmith is still at large.

THE UNMANLY ART.

Charley Mitchell and Jack Burke Spoil Each Other's Noses.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—There was no trouble in obtaining a seat in the Madison Square garden to-night, as there were not 400 spectators who presented themselves to witness the sparring contest between Charley Mitchell and Jack Burke. The "show" was announced to begin at a quarter past eight, but it was past nine before the first contestant for fistic honors appeared upon the platform. These were quickly followed by others. All gave some excellent exhibitions of scientific boxing and were loudly applauded. Just before "the stars of evening" were introduced Bob Smith, master of ceremonies, announced that as the authorities prohibited Mitchell and Burke from competing eight rounds, they would spar three, thus doing away with the services of seconds. When Mitchell and Burke appeared on the platform, they were enthusiastically cheered, as both men seemed "it" and equally matched. Their supporters seemed to be as evenly divided.

Round 1. As soon as time was called Burke led off at Mitchell's head with his right, and landed lightly, Mitchell countering on Burke's mouth. Burke retaliated on Mitchell's face, Mitchell let go both hands on side of his opponent's head. His next attempt was a light tap on Burke's forehead. Burke planting a little one on Mitchell's chest. This he followed up by a clever hit on the eye, after which he countered on Mitchell's mouth four times, Mitchell returning with either short or light, but he rallied near the end and got home on Burke's nose.

Round 2. This time Mitchell made a play at Burke's face but fell short. He ducked to avoid Burke's counter, but in doing so placed his head in clancery and Burke swung his right behind his back, catching Mitchell on the nose. Burke then scored light on Mitchell's mouth. Mitchell still short with his returns, managed to go home in cross combination on Burke's ear, giving Burke an opening which he took advantage of by planting a clean, heavy hit on the mouth. The round was brought to a close by Mitchell swinging on the mouth. Round 3. Mitchell sent in his left, landing on Burke's nose. Burke countered him heavily, landing on the cheek with his right. They were then at close quarters. Mitchell rattled away with both hands, but before getting back he scored on the side of Burke's head. Next came some very light exchanges, Burke varying the monotony by landing for the nose very heavily. The rally which followed was more like a boxing lesson. The general opinion of the disgusted spectators was that glove boxing is killed in this city, at least for the present. Burke is acknowledged by professionals present to have had the best of it.

ANOTHER OHIO SENSATION.

A Lady Dies While Being Treated by a Spiritualistic Doctor.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 24.—Meagre particulars have reached here concerning a sensation which is causing great excitement at Gambier, Ohio. For some time past Sarah Welker, of that city, has been under the treatment of Dr. George Barres, a spiritualistic physician. Mrs. Welker, it now appears, died while under the influence of the physician. It was given out that she was in a trance, but it was announced to-day that she had been dead since Wednesday. The coroner is investigating, and the woman's friends are terribly excited.

THE SWAIN CASE.

Adjourned Until Next Monday at Grosvenor's Request.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Proceedings in the Swain Court Martial were opened this morning by Gen. Grosvenor, of counsel for defense, who asked for a recess from to-morrow until next Monday on account of professional engagements which demanded his presence in Ohio. He stated further that, after the trial had progressed a few days from next Monday, he would ask for another brief adjournment to allow counsel for defense opportunity to prepare evidence. The Judge Advocate replied that he would consent to the adjournment, provided it was taken at once and it was understood that the trial proceeded uninterrupted when it began on Monday. The defense agreed to the latter provision and at 12 o'clock the court adjourned.

The Weaver's Strike.

TAUNTON, Mass., Nov. 24.—Four hundred and fifty weavers of Whittemen mills quit work this morning owing to a cut-down of ten per cent. Work will begin Tuesday morning for the rest of the week, the managers having promised a restoration of wages.

A November State.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 24.—The governor has proclaimed that the constitutional amendment providing elections in November instead of October has been ratified.

Henry M. Stanley, Ph. D.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The Universities of Halle and Berlin have both conferred the degree of Doctor of Philosophy upon Henry M. Stanley.

AT JACKSON.

Testimony in the Crouch Case Continued.

JACKSON, Mich., Nov. 24.—Both the sick jurymen were in their seats this morning for the trial of Dan Holcomb. Capt. Crouch, of Texas, was with the other members of the family and said he was just from New Mexico.

The people wanted to continue the testimony of Julia Reese, but that witness could not be found. John Gilson, of this city, a dealer in boots and shoes, was put on the stand. He testified that Judd Crouch bought a pair of the Boston Rubber Company's make of rubber boots of witness on November 21, 1883. Judd stated he wanted a pair for his father, as he was tired seeing him going with wet feet. The boots were of the best make and had finer creasing on the soles than other boots. Judd afterwards paid the bill.

Sheriff Winney testified concerning his trip up to Ogemaw county in company with Detective Harris and said that they found Dan Holcomb had bought a 38-calibre revolver at Lansing and that witness and Harris afterward had an interview in Harris's room with Holcomb. The latter then admitted that he had bought a 38-calibre Smith & Wesson revolver at Lansing in the October before the murder, and had taken it up to give to his brother William, but had lost it in the woods. Holcomb stated that his reason for going to see his brother was to induce him to come here and live. The defense objected to the sheriff stating what Holcomb's manner was at the interview.

The sheriff attached no importance to the boots, as in his opinion they did not correspond in size with the tracks about the house the morning of the murder. The court will adjourn for one hour to attend Prosecuting Attorney Hewlett's funeral to-morrow forenoon.

THE TYPE-WRITING GIRL.

She Supersedes the Stenographer and, Like Him, Has Various Eccentricities.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]
The stenographer is rapidly being succeeded by the type-writer. Men who have devoted years of work and have brought considerable intelligence to the art of stenography are pushed out of the field by simple-fingered girls, who apparently have a special aptitude for this sort of work. There are now several schools in New York where type-writing is taught, and almost every pretentious law office in town has its own operator. Men are too clumsy to acquire great facility at this sort of work, and it seems especially suited to women. The advantages which it possesses over the older fashion is that the work is finished when the operator has reached the end. A large element of uncertainty enters into life when one employs a stenographer. I have had some experience that way myself, and it has not been of a character to predispose me strongly in their favor. The average stenographer, after you have dictated your work to him, will assure you with an unblushing countenance and an honest eye that it will be written out for you by "three o'clock." If you dictate six columns and finish by 2:30 you will receive the same placid assurance about "three o'clock," as though there were ten hours to spare. And the peculiar thing about it is that the stenographer invariably believes what he says. I don't know what is the cause of this peculiar fancy, but it is apparently rooted in every stenographer's brain. Of course you never get the stuff by "three o'clock." If you have luck when you look for him in heat and anger the following day you will find him ink stained but dignified, and you will receive the same cast-iron assurance as you did before, that it will be through by "three o'clock." With the type-writing girls it is different. As a rule they are busy copying Supreme Court papers which, by the way, they lay aside without the slightest regret, and they are apparently the only people who look with contempt upon the Supreme Court, and begin at once to prepare for work. The preparation is the longest part of it. After a few general remarks about the weather, she removes her rings one after the other, looks at them carefully, places them in an orderly row beside the type-writer, pulls a hairpin out of the forehead part of her bang, examines it, and then thrusts it with unquestioned boldness into the back of her head. Then she yawns prodigiously, leans back in her chair, and says she is ready. When you begin she suddenly remembers, rises from the machine, goes to the washstand, toys with the faucets for a few moments, touches the ends of her fingers to the towel, then comes back by the way of the mirror. I have become convinced, by long experience, that the average female type-writer never really cares to wash her hands. It is a strategic subterfuge for the purpose of affording her an opportunity to look in the mirror. She returns, throws herself carelessly into the chair, and brisks up a sheet of paper into the machine. Having done this, she withdraws the paper, turns it around and puts it in in that way. This is a system they never depart from under any circumstances. She is not ready yet, however. At this point it becomes necessary to open a small drawer at the right hand side of the type-writer, fish out a more or less showy purse, glance critically and somewhat sadly within, throwing the purse back again, and bring forth an ink eraser, a rubber, a fruit knife and a half eaten apple or peach. Some one will probably interrupt her for a quiet chat, and after that if you are still there you will be thoroughly started. Once under way, an expert type-writer is fully as fast as the average stenographer, and when you have finished dictating you may take the manuscript away with you. I have observed one peculiarity about the female typewriter. She never makes a mistake. It is always the machine. If she puts sixteen vowels in the word "through" she first hits the keyboard violently, and then raises the roof of the structure, pokes at the type with her first finger, indulges in some airy criticisms of the manufacturer, brings the whole thing together again, and continues to make the most grievous and absurd errors with a face of utter satisfaction and unfeigned high spirits. She eventually marries the managing clerk of the law office.

De Lestrup says he is not intending to move the commission of Prussia to France.

THE COMMON COUNCIL.

AN HOUR'S WORK LAST NIGHT.

The Proposed Electric Clock—A Memorial Fountain for Monroe Street and a Batch of Other Business.

The City Council disposed of the business on hand last night in one hour. The Mayor presided and all the Aldermen were present except Messrs. Albright and Patterson. A petition from the Electric Time Company for permission to run a wire and erect poles, where necessary, to accommodate its patrons desiring the use of electric time connections, was, after some debate referred to the Committee on Streets to report in one week. It was explained by a representative of the company present that some two hundred subscribers were waiting to use the electric time connections, and that poles would not be necessary for probably some time. Ald. Nester and Gilbert thought it should be done under the supervision of some competent authority, and the former said a net work of wires running from building to building was apt to make trouble for the fire department in working at fires.

His Honor appointed Ald. Albright, Brenner and Grady a special committee to confer with a committee of the Street Railway Company, of Grand Rapids, relative to the collection of license tax on old cars. In the same matter, City Treasurer Arthur Meigs reported that the said company declined to pay the tax as assessed, claiming that the amount was over estimated. The report was referred to the same committee.

A petition of J. S. H. Brown and forty-eight others, residing on South Division and Hall streets, remonstrating against the condition of the Street Railway Company had left those streets in, and asking that the city make certain repairs, was referred to the Aldermen of the First and Third wards. The property owners on Grand avenue, who were notified to lay board walks, asked that the work be delayed until next Spring; referred to the Aldermen of the Fourth ward. O. N. Watson was given permission to deposit building material on the sidewalks. The petition of A. Wiseman, contractor, for improvements made on Front street, completed about September 15, and amounting to \$2871.29, asking that that amount be now paid, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. The prayer of James Higgins, for payment of money due for constructing the piers of the Bridge street bridge, was granted, and the amount ordered to be transferred from the general to the bridge fund, for that purpose.

The bonds of the tax collectors of the Seventh, Sixth, Fifth and Eighth Wards were referred to the City Attorney, and after approval were confirmed by the Council. The City Controller's report, with the exception of the item of Deputy Sheriff's bill—referred to the Committee on Claims and Accounts—was approved and orders directed to be drawn for the several amounts. Ald. Saunders, Nester and Brenner were appointed a special committee to settle for grading and graveling on Page street. City Marshal Green asked for an extension of thirty days in collecting the assessment rolls for improvements on James and Front streets. The request was granted. The Aldermen of the First Ward were instructed to ascertain the cost of certain property belonging to Abraham Hage, Wm. and Grady Zimmerman and Jacob Bruderman, necessary for the straightening of the north line of Prescott street. A communication from Judge Holmes, thanking the Council for improvements made in his office and court room, was placed on file.

Secretary McKenry of the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners made a report of the condition of street lights; referred to Committee on Lamps.

Ald. Gilbert reported the result of an effort to make a contract with the Sheriff of Kent county to board city prisoners at a reduced rate and to give them employment. The committee found that the rate of board was fixed by the County Supervisors and the employment of prisoners to assist in the essential work about the jail impracticable. They recommended that the Committee on Charter Amendments be requested to inquire into whatever legislation is necessary to cover the case; the report was adopted. Ald. Killen then offered a resolution that the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee be instructed to communicate with the warden of the Detroit House of Correction and report upon what terms city prisoners will be received in that institution. Carried.

Ald. Pierce recommended the placing of naphtha lamps at the corner of College avenue and Worden street. Adopted. Ald. Parmelee, as special committee, reported recommending the erection of a memorial soldier's fountain at the head of Monroe street on the triangular plot now vacant, and that an appeal be made to the patriotic citizens of Kent county to assist in such a commendable project. Adopted. Ald. Brenner gave notice he would bring up the subject of street signs at the next meeting of Council. Sidewalks on the south side of Seventh and the North side of West Bridge streets were ordered to be repaired, and two naphtha lamps requested by Ald. Yates were ordered. Adjourned.

Good News for Workmen.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Nov. 24.—The large plow factory of B. Bedford & Co., who became financially embarrassed last summer, is about ready to resume business with a largely increased capital. The shops give employment to over 300 men, to whose families the long spell of idleness has been a great hardship.

To Rest in the Celestial Empire.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—Bishop Wiley will be buried at Fox Chase, by the side of his first wife, who died while he was laboring there as a missionary. He is the third Methodist bishop who has died in a foreign land.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

The Operation Satisfactory to the Governor of Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Watson Squire, Governor of Washington Territory, states in his annual report just received by the Secretary of the Interior, that the law allowing women to vote in the Territory, accompanied as it is with the proviso making them liable to jury duty, while questioned by some meets with the approval of the majority of the people of the Territory. He adds that the women themselves are strongly in favor of the continuation of the law, and that he finds the operations of the law attended with no unfavorable results to the welfare of the people.

Bold Burglars.

ARROW, Ohio, Nov. 24.—Jeremiah Fritz and wife, residing at Doyleston, Wayne county, were awakened this morning by two masked men, who pointed cocked revolvers at the old couple and demanded money. Fritz gave the burglars six hundred dollars, when they departed, threatening death if a noise were made.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

Grand Rapids.

TELEGRAM OFFICE, Nov. 24.
GRAIN—Corn, No. 2, 24 1/2c; No. 3, 24c; No. 4, 23 1/2c; No. 5, 23c; No. 6, 22 1/2c; No. 7, 22c; No. 8, 21 1/2c; No. 9, 21c; No. 10, 20 1/2c; No. 11, 20c; No. 12, 19 1/2c; No. 13, 19c; No. 14, 18 1/2c; No. 15, 18c; No. 16, 17 1/2c; No. 17, 17c; No. 18, 16 1/2c; No. 19, 16c; No. 20, 15 1/2c; No. 21, 15c; No. 22, 14 1/2c; No. 23, 14c; No. 24, 13 1/2c; No. 25, 13c; No. 26, 12 1/2c; No. 27, 12c; No. 28, 11 1/2c; No. 29, 11c; No. 30, 10 1/2c; No. 31, 10c; No. 32, 9 1/2c; No. 33, 9c; No. 34, 8 1/2c; No. 35, 8c; No. 36, 7 1/2c; No. 37, 7c; No. 38, 6 1/2c; No. 39, 6c; No. 40, 5 1/2c; No. 41, 5c; No. 42, 4 1/2c; No. 43, 4c; No. 44, 3 1/2c; No. 45, 3c; No. 46, 2 1/2c; No. 47, 2c; No. 48, 1 1/2c; No. 49, 1c; No. 50, 1/2c; No. 51, 1/4c; No. 52, 1/8c; No. 53, 1/16c; No. 54, 1/32c; No. 55, 1/64c; No. 56, 1/128c; No. 57, 1/256c; No. 58, 1/512c; No. 59, 1/1024c; No. 60, 1/2048c; No. 61, 1/4096c; No. 62, 1/8192c; No. 63, 1/16384c; No. 64, 1/32768c; No. 65, 1/65536c; No. 66, 1/131072c; No. 67, 1/262144c; No. 68, 1/524288c; No. 69, 1/1048576c; No. 70, 1/2097152c; No. 71, 1/4194304c; No. 72, 1/8388608c; No. 73, 1/16777216c; No. 74, 1/33554432c; No. 75, 1/67108864c; No. 76, 1/134217728c; No. 77, 1/268435456c; No. 78, 1/536870912c; No. 79, 1/1073741824c; No. 80, 1/2147483648c; No. 81, 1/4294967296c; No. 82, 1/8589934592c; No. 83, 1/17179869184c; No. 84, 1/34359738368c; No. 85, 1/68719476736c; No. 86, 1/137438953472c; No. 87, 1/274877906944c; No. 88, 1/549755813888c; No. 89, 1/1099511627776c; No. 90, 1/2199023255552c; No. 91, 1/4398046511104c; No. 92, 1/8796093022208c; No. 93, 1/17592186044416c; No. 94, 1/35184372088832c; No. 95, 1/70368744177664c; No. 96, 1/140737488355328c; No. 97, 1/281474976710656c; No. 98, 1/562949953421312c; No. 99, 1/1125899906842624c; No. 100, 1/2251799813685248c; No. 101, 1/4503599627370496c; No. 102, 1/9007199254740992c; No. 103, 1/18014398509481984c; No. 104, 1/36028797018963968c; No. 105, 1/72057594037927936c; No. 106,